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RELIEF SLOT FOR COMBUSTION LINER

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed generally to relief slots 5 defined in combustion liners, and more particularly to an advanced geometry relief slot for relieving hoop stress in structures.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Thin wall combustion liners are used throughout the industry in commercial, industrial, and military gas turbine engine applications. The purpose of the combustion liner walls are to provide a pressure drop for mixing and burning of fuel and air 15 inside the gas turbine. The hot air is then directed into the turbine by the liner wall contours. The pressure drop for mixing is provided by the cooling air circuits (holes and slots), the dome and fuel nozzle air swirlers, and the liner dilution holes.

Gas turbine engines have incorporated axially cut keyhole relief slots in the aft seal rings of the combustion liner to reduce the hoop stress. Conventional keyhole slot geometry on combustion liners includes a round or elliptical stop drill rings are known to suffer from cracks initiating at the keyhole relief slots. These keyhole slots are typically distributed circumferentially around the liner to reduce the hoop stress fight experienced in the combustion liner aft seal ring. However, the shape of the relief slot can tend to contribute to crack 30 initiation and other fatigue cracks in the aft seal rings adjacent to the relief slot because of sharp geometric notches and associated high Kt's (stress concentrations) in the local high hoop stress field.

There is a continuing need for technology development 35 relating to modifying relief slots so as to increase crack initiation and fatigue growth life of the region in the aft seal rings experiencing a high hoop stress. More specifically, there is a continuing need to develop an advanced geometry slot configured for moving the high Kt features of the slot out of a high 40 stress region to specifically enhance component service life. The present invention satisfies this need in a novel and nonobvious way.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect of the present invention, a structure configured for relieving hoop stress comprises a wall defining a relief slot therein. The relief slot defined in the wall includes a first slot portion extending from a first end of the wall to a 50 termination point. An arcuate slot portion intersects the termination point of the first slot portion, and a generally circular aperture is defined in the wall at each end of the arcuate slot portion.

In a second aspect of the present invention, a combustion 55 liner comprises an aft seal ring defining a relief slot in a wall of the combustion liner. The relief slot defined in the wall includes a first slot portion extending from a first end of the wall to a termination point. An arcuate slot portion intersects the termination point of the first slot portion, and a generally 60 circular aperture is defined in the wall at each end of the arcuate slot portion.

In a third aspect of the present invention, an aft seal ring of a combustion liner comprises a wall defining a relief slot. The relief slot defined in the wall includes a first slot portion 65 extending from a first end of the wall to a termination point. An arcuate slot portion intersects the termination point of the

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first slot portion, and a generally circular aperture is defined in the wall at each end of the arcuate slot portion.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a cross-sectional view of a gas turbine engine incorporating a combustion liner in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of a combustion liner.

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of a portion of a combustion liner wall defining a relief slot.

FIG. 4 is an enlarged perspective view of a portion of a combustion liner wall defining a conventional keyhole relief slot.

FIG. 5 is an enlarged perspective view of a portion of a combustion liner wall defining a relief slot embodying the present invention.

FIG. 6 is a plan view of the relief slot of FIG. 5 illustrating a hoop stress field in the vicinity of the relief slot.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED **EMBODIMENTS**

FIG. 1 is a cross-sectional view of a gas turbine engine 10 hole at the root or base of the slot. Combustion liner aft seal 25 illustrating, by way of example only, a context for implementing the advanced geometry relief slot for relieving hoop stress in accordance with the present invention. The gas turbine engine 10 includes a combustion liner 12 which typically experiences hoop stress generated therein. The advanced geometry relief slot embodying the present invention and to be explained more fully hereinbelow is implemented in, for example, the combustion liner 12 to reduce hoop stress and to prevent or forestall the generation of cracks or the onset of other types of structural fatigue in the vicinity of the relief slot defined in the wall of the combustion liner. For clarity of illustration, FIG. 2 shows an example of a combustion liner 20 separate from other engine components. Although an advanced geometry relief slot can be implemented in a combustion liner of a gas turbine engine, it should be understood that a relief slot in accordance with the present invention can be implemented in other structures or walls that typically experience hoop stress.

> FIG. 3 illustrates the location of a relief slot in a portion of a combustion liner. As shown in FIG. 3, a combustion liner 30 45 defines a relief slot 32 at an upper end 34 of a wall 36 of the combustion liner. FIG. 4 is an enlarged view of a portion of a combustion liner 40 defining a conventional keyhole relief slot 42 at an upper end 44 of a wall 46 of the combustion liner for relieving hoop stress. The keyhole relief slot 42 defined in the wall or aft seal ring 46 of the combustion liner 40 includes a first slot portion 48 extending from a first end 50 of the wall 46 to a base or termination point 52. The keyhole relief slot 42 defined by the wall 46 further has a round or elliptical stop drill hole 54 at the base or termination point 52. As mentioned above, the shape of conventional keyhole relief slots can tend to contribute to crack initiation and other fatigue cracks in the aft seal rings adjacent to the relief slot because of sharp geometric notches and associated high Kt's (stress concentrations) in the local high hoop stress field.

FIG. 5 illustrates a combustion liner 60 having a wall 62 defining an advanced geometry relief slot 64 in an upper portion or aft seal ring 66 thereof in accordance with present invention. The relief slot 64 defined by the wall or aft seal ring 66 of the combustion liner 60 includes a first slot portion 68 extending from a first end 70 of the wall 66 to a termination point 72. The relief slot 64 defined by the wall 66 further includes an arcuate slot portion 74 intersecting the termina-